

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. : MOBILE NO. : E-mail : man

0161-2520149 094170-50591

: manjeetsinghca66@gmail.com

1751, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhiana-141002

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To

The Members of Master Insurance Brokers Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Master Insurance Brokers Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the Information required by the Companies Act 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its profit including other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended as on that date.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing (SAs) specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. : MOBILE NO. :

E-mail

0161-2520149 094170-50591

: manjeetsinghca660gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhiana-141002

of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of key audit matters as per SA 701, Key Audit Matters are not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted company.

## Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

if, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. Since the other information has not been made available to us, we shall not be able to comment on this aspect.

## Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. : MOBILE NO. :

0161-2520149 094170-50591

: manjestsinghca66@gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhlana-141002

of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also
  responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls
  with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. : MOBILE NO. :

E-mail

0161-2520149 094170-50591

manjectsinghca66@gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhiana-141002

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021, as applicable and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report as applicable unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), Issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss including statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - In our opinion, the aforesald financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified junder section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act except DIN of Mr. Gurmeet Singh Chawla has been Deactivated as shown in the MCA records due to non KYC.



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. :

E-mail

0161-2520149 094170-50591

manjeetsinghca66@gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhiana-141002

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B" to this report.
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration was paid by the Company to its directors during the year; and
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
  - .(i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
  - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there
    were any material foreseeable losses; and
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Manjeet Singh & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRIN 011831N

Manjeet Singh Prop.

ccountants

(Membership No. 088759)

Ludhiana, 28th June, 2021



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. : MOBILE NO. :

E-mail

0161-2520149 094170-50591

manjeetsinghca66@gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhlana-141002

## ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) Fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no immovable properties are owned by the Company, accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (i) (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The company's business doesn't involve inventories and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not granted unsecured loans to parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 read with section 186 and section 186 of the Act, with respect to loans, investments, guarantees and security, as applicable.
- 5. The company has not accepted any deposits from the public, within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and Rules framed thereunder. We are informed that no order has been passed by the company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or other Tribunal.
- The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company.
- 7. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the record of the Company, the Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax. Goods and Service tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it. We are informed that the provisions of Sales Tax, service tax, Value Added Tax, duty of Custom and duty of Excise are not applicable to the Company.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, Goods and Service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it were in arrears as at 31 March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, Goods and Service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. : MOBILE NO. : E-mail : maniestati

0161-2520149 094170-50591

munjeetsinghca666gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhiana-141002

- 8. Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution or bank. The Company did not have any outstanding loans or borrowing dues in respect of a government or dues to the debenture holders.
- The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or any fraud on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- 11. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not paid/provided for managerial remuneration.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of share or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- 16. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Manjeet Singh & Co. Chartered Accountants

Chartered Accountants VI.No.:088759 FRN/011831N

Manjoist Singh

(Membership No. 088759

Ludhiana, 28th June, 2021



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. : MOBILE NO. :

E-mail

0161-2520149 094170-50591

manjeetsinghca668gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhlana-141002

#### ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Master Insurance Brokers Limited ('the Company') as of 31 March, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting Issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate Internal financial controls that were operating affectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's Internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

PH. NO. MOBILE NO.

R-mail

0161-2520149

094170-50591

manjeetsinghca660gmail.com

1761, Phase II, Urban Estate, Dugri Road, Ludhiana-141002

statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3)provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2021 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Ludhiana, 28th June, 2021

For Manjest Singh & Co. Chartered Accountants RN 011831N

Singh

Membership Na 088759)

As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 202
	l
******	
131,316	152,54
422,837	488,25
3,010,000	24411
	3,010,00
28,134 3,592,287	1,422,06 5,072,86
1 12/00/2020	
2,755,026	2,871,869
29,193,094	17,558,64
231,708	283,314
164,060 32,343,888	122,354
S. S	20,836,184
35,936,175	25,909,044
1	
W S	
7,500,000	7,500,000
25,276,769	15,613,448
32,776,769	23,113,448
1,219,894	
418,643	613,438
	394,112
	1,788,046 2,795,596
33,936,175	25,909,044
The second second	1,520,869 3,159,406 35,936,175 For and on be

R. K. Singhania

Director DIN-00077540 Director DIN-00063176

Place: Ludhlana Date: 28.06.2021

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
	1		Stat Merul, 2020
Revenue from operations	16	26,716,659	25 702 47
Other income	17	398,150	25,783,47
Total Revenue	+	nusancara	294,62
	+	27,114,809	26,078,09
EXPENSES: .	1 1		
Employee benefits expense	18	10,885,215	
Depreciation and amortization expense	3	67,496	10,780,259
Other expenses	19	3,284,189	125,580
Total Expenses		0.9	3,446,251
	+ +	14,236,900	14,352,090
Profit before tax	1 1	12,877,909	11,726,008
Tax Expenses	1 1	1	
Current tax expense for current year	1 f	2 450 000	
Deferred tax	1 1	3,150,000	3,000,000
Current tax expense relating to prior years	1 1	65,418 (830)	(60,890) 168,740
rofit for the period / year	1 1		106,740
Participation of the Control of the	J +	9,663,321	8,618,158
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	1 1		
A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	1 1		
i) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Subtotal(A)	1		
07 - GATTER DESIGNATE	1	-	•
3) (1) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	1 1		
i) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	L		
Subtotal(B)	l		
ther Comprehensive Income (A+B)			
otal Comprehensive Income for the year			
The state of the year	<u> </u>	9,663,321	8,618,158
rnings per equity share (face value Rs. 10 each)			-
Basic		12.88	
iluted	9	12.88	11.49
eighted average number of shares outstanding	1	12.00	11.49
prificant Accounting Policies & Notes on Financial Statements 1 to 26		750,000	750,000

As per our Report of even date

For Manjeet Single & DNGA Chartered Accountants

Accountants S

Membership No. 088759

Place: Ludhiana Date: 28.06.2021 For and on behalf of the Board

Director

DIN-00077540

Director DIN-00063176

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Particulars	For the ye		For the year	
A. Cash flow from operating activities	- Variation	IN AUCE	aast marti	, 2020
Net Profit before tex and extraordinary items		12,877.909		44 700 000
Adjustments for:		12,077,000	78	11,728,006
Depreciation and amortization expense	67,496		125,580	
Provision for Gratuity	(267,177)		248,864	
20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 -	(4407,1777)	(199,681)	240,004	374,444
Operating profit before working capital changes		12,678,228	- H	12,100,452
Changes in working capital:		12,010,220		12,100,402
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:	1 1	1	- 1	
Trade receivables	116,843	100	14142011	
Other current assets	9,900	W	(353,985)	
Other non current assets	1,393,929		259,688	
	1,393,929		189,049	
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:	1 1		4	
Other current liabilities	630,987			
	630,987	0.451.650	(137,232)	120000
	1 1	2,151,669	-	(62,480)
	1 4	14,028,001	- 1	12,037,972
Cash flow from extraordinary items	1 1		1	
Cash generated from operations	1 1	14,829,887	1	12.037.972
Net Income tax (paid) / refunds	1 1	(3,149,170)	- 1	(3,168,740)
Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)	1 1	11,680,717	1	8,869,232
6. Cash flow from investing activities	+-+			
Purchase of fixed assets	1 1	(46,270)		***
	1 1	(40,270)		(18,250)
Net cash flow from / (used in) Investing activities (B)	1 1	(48,270)	-	
		(40,270)		(16,250)
Cash flow from financing activities		$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	
Proceeds from issue of equity shares/ warrants	1 1	-	- 1	
let cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	1 -			_
The state of the s	1 1	•	ſ	- CO - R <b>≥</b> 160
let increase (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	1	11,634,447		8,862,982
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1 1	17,558,847		07.500-007.500-07.77.0
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1 1	29,193,094	-	8,705,665 17,558,647
	1 4	22,100,004	0	17,000,047

As persour Report of even date

Chartered Accountants

For Menteet Singh & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRIN DATESTAL

Marioti Singh

Membership No. 088759

Place: Eudhlana Date: 28.06.2021 For and on behalf of the Board

Director DIN-00077540

Director

DIN-00063176

Statement Of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31st March, 2021

A. Equity Share Capita	pital
------------------------	-------

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2019	7,500,000
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	7,500,000
Balance as at 31 March 2020	7,500,000
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	7,550,000
Balance as at 31 March 2021	7,500,000

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves	& Surplus	Items of other comprehensive income	Total
	General Reserve	Retained Earning	Debt/Equity Instruments through OCI	A)
Balance as at 1 April 2019	70	6,995,220		6,995,290
Profit/(loss) for the year	2	8,618,158	-	8,618,158
Balance as at 31 March 2020	70	15,613,378		15,513,448
Profit/(loss) for the year		9,663,321		9,663,321
Balance as at 31 March 2021	70	25,276,699		25,276,769

Significant Accounting Policies & Notes on Financial Statements 1 to 26

As per our Report of even date

For Manjeet Singh & Co.

Chartefed Account SING

FRN Ø14831N

Chartered Accountants O M.No.:088759

Membership No. 088759

Place: Ludhlana Date: 28.06.2021 Re Kasinghania Director

DIN-00077540

For and on behalf of the Board

ingh Arora Director

DIN-00063176

## Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2021

#### 1 Corporate Information -

Master Insurance Brokers Ltd. ('the Company') is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provision of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is registered with Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDA!) as direct (Life & General) broker under Insurance Brokers Regulations, 2018.

#### 2 Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the 2013 Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the 2013 Act.

#### b. Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

#### c. Revenue Recognition

#### Recognition of interest income on loans

The Company follows the mercantile system of accounting and recognized Profit/Loss on that basis. Interest income is recognized on the time proportionals basis starting from the date of disbursement of loan.

#### Rental Income:

Income from operating leases is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss as per contractual rentals unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished.

#### Fee and commission income :

Fee based income are recognised when they become measurable and when it is probable to expect their ultimate collection. Commission and brokerage income earned for the services rendered are recognised as and when they are due.

#### Dividend and interest income on investments:

Dividends are recognised in Statement of profit and loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the
economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Interest income from investments is recognised when it is certain that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of
income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective
interest rate applicable.

#### d. Property, Plant and Equipments (PPE)

PPE are stated at cost of acquisition (including incidental expenses), less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation on PPE is provided on straight-line basis in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on a pro-rate basis.

The estimated useful lives used for computation of depreciation are as follows:

Buildings 60 years
Furniture and Fodures 10 years
Office Equipments 5 years
Computer 3 years
Vehicles 8 years

Subsequent expanditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the Item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in net profit in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are aliminated from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Assets to be disposed off are reported at the lower of the carrying value or the fair value less cost to sell.

#### e. Intangible Assets

intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an follows:

Software

3 years

#### f. investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associate are measured at fair value, if any.

#### g. Financial instruments

#### Recognition and initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at FVOCI. The Company subsequently measures all financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis, if any. Regular way purchases or sales or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments:

Equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equityinstruments issued by Company are ecognised at the proceeds received.

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost.

#### h. Employee benefits

## Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, and annual leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.

#### Contribution to provident fund and ESIC -

Company's contribution paid/payable during the year to provident fund and ESIC is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss.

#### I. Finance costs

Finance costs include interest expense on respective financial instruments measured at Amortised cost. Financial instruments include bank term loans, loan to related parties and loan to others. Finance costs are charged to the Statement of profit and loss.

#### Taxation - Current and deferred tax;

income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax :

Current tax comprises amount of tax payable in respect of the taxable income or loss for the year determined in accordance with income Tax Act, 1961 and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The Company's current lax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### Deferred tax :

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and ilabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax flabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable recognised as on asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursements will be received and amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disciosure is made.

#### Where the Company is the lesses -

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of profit and loss.

#### Where the Company is the lessor -

Lease income is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss as per contractual rental unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which the banefit derived from the leased asset is diminished.

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash on hand, cheques and drafts on hand, balance with banks in current accounts and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weights everage number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit for the period after deducting any attributable tax thereto for the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, sub-division of shares etc. that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders is divided by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period, considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

NOTE 3 - Property, Plant and Equipment

GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	Furniture and Fixtures	Office equipment	Computer	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions during the year	347,741	126,154	341,180	815.075
Disposals / deductions during the year		16,250		16,250
Datance as at 31 March 2020 Additions during the year	347,741	142,404	341,180	831.325
Disposals / deductions during the year		46,270	4	46,270
Balance as at 31 March 2021	347,741	188,674	341.180	877 505
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES Balance as at 1 April 2019 Additions during the year Disposals / deductions during the year	37,427	96,223	198,295 76,893	553,203 125,580
Additions during the year Disposals / deductions during the year	296,112	12,753	275,188	678,783 67,496
calance as at 31 March 2021	316,037	120,236	310,006	746,279
NET CARRYING AMOUNT As at 31 March 2020				
As at 31 March 2021	51,629	34,921	65,992	152.542
	31,704	68.438	84 474	494 240

NOTE 4 - DEFFERED TAX ASSET (NET)

Perticulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Deferred tax Assets Related to fixed assets Related to Gratuity	40,034 382,803	38,204 450,051
otal	422,837	488,255

NOTE 5 - LOAN & DEPOSITS

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Security deposits	3,010,000	3,010,000
Total	3,010,000	3,010,000

NOTE 6 - OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Advance Income tax (net of provision for tax)	28,134	1,422,063
Total	28,134	1,422,063

NOTE 7 - TRADE RECEIVABLES

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Outstanding for a period exceeding 6 months from the date they are due for payment Other Debts	2,755,026	2,871,869
Total	2,755,026	2,871,869

NOTE 8 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

articulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Cash on hand Balances with banks	12,779	579
-in current accounts -in deposit accounts *	24,680,315 4,500,000	13,058,068 4,500,000
Note* Lien on FDR amounting to Rs. 10 Lac marked in favour of IRDA	29,193,094	17,558,647

NOTE 9 - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Other Receivable .	231,708	283,314
fotal	231,708	283,314

## NOTE 10 - OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Pérticulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Prepaid expense Others	49,902 114,158	80,698 41,656
otal	164,060	122.354

NOTE 11 - EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st Ma	As at 31st March, 2020	
	Number	Amount (Rs.)	Number	Amount (Rs.)	
Authorised	1	i i			
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each (Par value)	750,000	7,500,000	750,000	7,500,000	
	750,000	7,500,000	750,000	7,500,000	
ssued, Subscribed and fully paid up	(199)				
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each (Par value)	750,000	7,500,000	750,000	7,500,000	
	750,000	7,500,000	750,000	7,500,000	

(a) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	Share Capital	Share Capital		
rai dictadi 5	As at 31st N	March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020	
	Number	Amount (Rs.)	Number	Amount (Rs.)
i) issued, Subscribed and paid up equity shares Outstanding at the beginning of the year Issued during the year Outstanding at the end of the year	750,000 750,000	7,500,000 - 7,500,000	750,000 750,000	7,500,000 - 7,500,000

#### (b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has one class of shares referred to as Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

(C) The details of shareholder holding more than 5 percent shares.

Particulars	Equity Sha	Equity Share Capital As at 31st March, 2021		Equity Share Capital As at 31st March, 2020	
	As at 31st N				
	No.of Shares	% of holding	No. of Shares	% of holding	
Master Trust Ltd	750,000	100	750,000	100	

NOTE 12-OTHER EQUITY

Renticulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
(a) General Reserve (b) Debt/Equity instruments through OCI (c) Retained Earning	70 - 25,276,699	70 - 15,613,378
Total	25,276,769	15,613,448

B. Other Equity				
Particulars	Racerves & Surplus		items of other comprehensive income	Total
	General Reserve	Retained Earning	Debt/Equity Instruments through OCI	
Balance as at 1 April 2019 Profit/(loss) for the year	70	6,995,220 8,618,158		6,995,290 8,618,158
Balance as at 31 March 2020 Profit/(loss) for the year	70	15,613,378 9,663,321		15,613,448 9,663,321
Balance as at 31 March 2021	70	25,276,699		25,276,769

NOTE 13 - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

articulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Other payables	1,219,894	613,438
Total	1,219,894	613,438

NOTE 14 - OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

erticulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Statutory dues Others	412,360 5,283	394,112
Total	418,643	394,112

NOTE 15 - PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Provision for employee benefits : Provision for gratuity	1,520,869	1,788,046
Total	1,520,869	1,788,046

#### NOTE 16 - REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
Brokerage Income	26,716,659	25,783,472
Total	26,716,659	25,783,472

#### NOTE 17 - OTHER INCOME

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
Interest/Other Income	398,150	294,626
Total	398,150	294,626

## NOTE 18 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020
Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds Staff welfare expenses	10,786,156 37,820 61,239	10,600,261 35,475 144,523
Total	10,885,215	10,780,259

#### NOTE 19 - OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	For the year ended 31st March, 2020	
Payments to auditors  As auditors - statutory audit  For taxation matters  Conveyance Expenses  Electricity & Water Charges  Fee & Taxes  Administrative / General expenses  Insurance Expenses  Printing & Stationery  Felephone Expenses  Four & Travelling Expenses  Fraining, Seminar & Risk Management Expenses  Postage & Registration Expenses  Repair & Maintenance	75,000 25,000 129,771 50,008 55,330 396,645 61,303 40,350 17,115 81,219 45,160 22,728 24,840 2,259,720	75,000 25,000 191,791 53,533 68,634 614,166 49,709 34,858 10,185 210,430 84,780 16,446 69,719	
otal	3,284,189	3,446,251	

## CERTIFICATE AS PER 34(6) IRDAI(INSURANCE BROKERS) REGULATION, 2018

This is to certify that all incomes earned by M/s Master insurance Brokers Ltd is Rs. 2,67,16,659/- (Rs. Two Crore Sixty Seven Lacs Sixteen Thousand Six Hundred Fifty Nine only) during the Financial Year 2020-21 and Rs. 2,57,83,472/- (Rs. Two Crore Fifty Seven Lacs Eighty Three Thousand Four Hundred Seventy Two only) during the Financial Year 2019-20 from insurers and insurer's group companies. The insurer-wise details of the above said incomes is also enclosed herewith.

insurer Wise Details of all brokerage incomes for the FY 2020-21 and FY-2019-20

INSURER NAME	2020-21 AMOUNT	2019-20 AMOUNT	
ADITYA BIRLA SUNLIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD.	39,433	32,119	
AEGON LIFE INS. CO.	43,322		
APOLLO MUNICH HEALTH INS CO. LTD.		73,224	
BAJAJ ALLIANZ GEN INS CO. LTD.	99,743	127,007	
BHARTI AXA GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.	21,956	42,274	
CARE HEALTH INSURANCE LTD	123,731	- Congress	
EXPORT CREDIT GUARANTEE CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD.	261,424		
FUTURE GENERAL INDIA INS CO. LTD.	331,311	700,846	
HDFC ERGO GEN INSURANCE CO. LTD.	2,016,207	5,303,448	
HDFC ERGO HEALTH INSURANCE CO. LTD.	40,061	3,303,446	
HDFC LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD.	3,217,368	718,359	
ICICI LOMBARD GEN INSURANCE CO. LTD.	2,229,135	2,369,030	
ICICI PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.LTD.	2,264,848	892,158	
IFFCO TOKIO GEN INSURANCE CO. LTD.	82,347	78,489	
KOTAK MAHINDRA GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.	95,416	13,651	
KOTAK MAHINDRA LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD.	30,522	13,031	
LIC OF INDIA	5,567	5,488	
LIBERTY GENERAL INSURANCE LTD.	31,324	12,906	
MANIPAL CIGNA HEALTH INSURANCE CO. LTD.	74,069	56,455	
MAX BUPA HEALTH INSURANCE CO. LTD.	6,313	30,433	
NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.	162,507	168,688	
RELIANCE GEN INSURANCE CO. LTD.	78,114	30,798	
RELIGARE HEALTH INSURANCE CO. LTD.	/0,117	110,982	
ROYAL SUNDARAM GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.	247.098	159,398	
BI GEN INSURANCE CO. LTD.	1,128,492	1,337,632	
TAR HEALTH & ALLIED INSURANCE CO. LTD.	299,042	186,683	
TATA AIG GEN INSURANCE CO. LTD.	214,865	198-1189 (1911)	
HE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO. LTD.	11,443,110	104,001 12,126,984	
THE ORIENTAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.	1,510,056	835,182	
JNITED INDIA INSURANCE CO. LTD.	619,278	297,670	
TOTAL	26,716,659	25,783,472	

Further confirm that no payments had been received by our group companies, associates and related parties from insurers and insurer's group companies.

# Note 21 Related Party Transactions

Holding/Fellow Subsidiaries	Associates/Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by the key Management Persons or their Relatives	Key Management Personnel and their Realtives/Individual have significant influence & their relatives	
Holding Company:-	H.A.Share & Stock Brokers Private Limited	КМР	
Master Trust Limited	Prime Industries Limited	Mr. Harjeet Singh Arora	
Fellow Subsidiaries	Master Share & Stock Brokers Private Limited Gold Touch Agri Private Limited	Mr. R K Singhania	
Master Capital Services Limited	H.K Arora Real Estate Service Private Limited	Relativus of KMP	
Master Infrastructure & Real Estate Developers Limited	Big Build Real Estate Private Limited	Mrs. Hameesh Kaur Arora	
Subsidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries Master Commodity Services Limited Master Portfolio Services Limited	Amni Real Estate Private Limited  Master Trust Wealth Private Limited	Mrs. Palka A Chopra Mr. Jashanjyot Singh Arora	
	Matria Estate Developers Private Limited  Arora Financial Services Private Limited	Mrs. Parveen Singhania Mr. Puneet Singhania	
	Sanawar Investments	Mr. Chirag Singhania	
	Saintco India Private Limited	Mrs. Priyanka Thukral	
	Singhania Properties	Mrs. Rohlia Singhania	
	Eminent Buildwell Private Limited	Mrs. Isha Singhania	
	Master Projects Private Limited	Mr. Darshenjil Singh Minocha	
	Sanawar Agri Private Limited		
	Bluecircle Investments		
	Crescent Investments		
	Irage Mastertrust Investment Managers LLP		

## Transactions with related parties

Transactions with	related parties	Holding/Fellow Subsidiaries/ Subsidiaries	Associates/Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by the key Management Persons or their Relatives	Key Management Personnel and their Realtives	Total
Rent Paid	Year ended 31st March, 2021	960,000		960,000	1,920,000
- Secretary	Year ended 31st March, 2020	520,000		980,000	1,480,000
Remuneration	Year ended 31st March, 2021			1,331,116	1,331,116
	Year ended 31st March, 2020		r.	1,267,413	1,267,413
Deposit for Office	Year ended 31st March, 2021			3,000,000	3,000,000
	Year ended 31st March, 2020	180	-	3,000,000	3,000,000

22 No contingent liability exists at the end of the Financial Year.

#### 23 Segment Information

The Company is primarily in the broking of insurance business. The Director of the Company, which has been identified as being the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), evaluates the Company's performance, allocate resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicator of the Company as a single unit. Therefore, there is only one reportable segment for the Company.

- 24 Disclosures relating to amount unpaid at the year end and together with Interest required under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act 2006 have been given to the extent company has received the information from supplier's regarding the status under such Act.
- 25 Miscellaneous expenditure has been written off to the extent of 20% p.a.
- 26 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

As per gár Report of even date

For Manjeet Singh & Co.

Chartered Accountage

Smul

Prop. Membership No. 08875

Place: Ludhlana Date: 28.06.2021 For and on behalf of the Board

R. K. Singbania Director DIN-00077540

Director DIN-00063176